

Management Accounts Review

For monitoring purposes, any Variance to Annual Budget / YTD Budget which shows a (Deficit) should be reviewed, and the reasons considered.

Overview

The first seven pages of the Management Accounts show summary information.

As well as being summarised on Page 3, Designated Reserves balances are also shown under the relevant budget section to indicate where some budget requirements may potentially be funded.

Page 7 shows the Summarised Income & Expenditure Account, with details of each budget section reported in more detail on pages 8 to 13.

Pages 14 and 15 show details of the “pots” of funds which the Town Council holds for various initiatives which are organised and funded in partnership with other stakeholders.

Summary

- 1) Before Management Accounts adjustments, the **Year To Date (YTD) Trial Balance** for this point in the financial year is **£178,618** (Page 1). This substantial surplus reflects receipt of the second tranche of the Precept in September, which will provide the bulk of the funding for expenditure in the rest of the financial year. The budgeted deficit is unlikely to be reflected until towards the end of the financial year after extra expenditure is incurred, although the latest forecast suggests there may now be a small surplus.
- 2) **Net Assets** (excluding Fixed Asset Reserve) are reported to have fallen to **£560,152** which is down from £664,090 last month and a significant reduction from £601,160 at the same period in the last financial year, reflecting the ongoing use of long term investments to fund the deficit of 2021-22 and previous years.
- 3) **Deferred Income** stands at £9,552 (compared to a lower level of £8,855 at the same period last year) which indicates future Town Hall bookings are generally being maintained following the challenges of pandemic restrictions over the last two years and the extensive repairs to the Town Hall.

- 4) **Investments & Bank** (Page 2) have decreased by **£71,019** in total compared to this time last year, due to last year's deficit.
- 5) **Designated Reserves** (Page 3) have decreased by **£112,908** in total, primarily caused by the reduction of the Building Maintenance Reserve to contribute funding towards the Town Hall planned maintenance works in 2021-22. With further funding required for the Net Deficit, the **General Reserve** has also fallen by **£104,074**, giving a **reduction in Total Reserves** since the previous financial year of **£218,982**.
- 6) Page 4 shows a summary of adjusted YTD Actuals compared to the Previous year. Income (including the Precept) has increased by £122,412 (in part because of an increase in the Precept and Community Infrastructure Levy receipts but primarily because of the return of Charter Market fees to pre-COVID levels) while Gross Expenditure has fallen by £78,878, resulting in an adjusted **NET Surplus of £47,411**, an increase of **£201,291** on the previous year.

N.B. timing is an important factor in explaining the current surplus because substantial expenditure takes place in the second half of the year, for example Council's contribution to the Fred Winter Centre initiative is still to be paid.

- 7) Page 5 shows a summary of adjusted YTD Budget compared to Actuals. This shows the adjusted **NET Surplus of £47,411** which exceeds a **Budget Deficit of £20,409** at this stage in the financial year. However, as explained above, timing is an important factor.
- 8) Page 6 has two pie charts showing the proportion of YTD Income and Expenditure from different budget sections. Precept and Market & Christmas Festival Income [Net] are the most significant sources of income (in addition to Cemetery Fees which are not shown separately here as they are included under Expenditure – Cemetery [Net]), while over half of the expenditure is on Operational & Administrative Expenses, followed by Cemetery [Net], Initiatives & Projects, and Civic Expenditure.
- 9) Page 7 confirms that, after Management Accounts adjustments, the **Net Surplus** is reported as **£47,411**. This reflects the apportionment of the Precept and certain annual Expenditure across the year.
- 10) As previously reported, two tranches of funds have been received as a result of the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) on housing developments, showing a total of **£40,183** for the year.

- 11) There has been a large increase in **Net Income** from the **Market & Christmas Festival**, after deduction of the District Council's 60% share. This reflects a return to the market contract fees, which are higher than the figures for markets over the last two years which were impacted by coronavirus pandemic restrictions.
- 12) Some of the other YTD Deficits reported on Page 7 are reviewed in more detail below.
- 13) There has been a decrease in Operational & Administrative Expenses (mainly due to Town Hall maintenance) and an increase in Civic Expenditure (due to increased civic activities post-COVID) and Cemetery [Net] (mainly due to additional vehicle expenses) compared to the same period as the previous year. Tranquility Garden [Net] is well below budget as fees have fallen below last year's levels.

Detailed Review

Page 8 – Market & Christmas Festival – Net Income is substantially higher than last year, for reasons already explained above. However, Expenditure is still expected to increase in next month's accounts because of the Christmas Festival and Victorian Market in December. Costs are shared with the District Council, with details still to be finalised.

Page 8 – Town Hall Commercial Management – Lettings income is currently higher than budgeted (and much higher than for the same period last year) as bookings continue to be maintained after the issues of coronavirus pandemic restrictions and the extensive maintenance works on the Town Hall. The Net Expenditure is currently negative, which means Income exceeds Expenditure so far. There are numerous small YTD Deficits for various budget lines, reflecting increased activity with Town Hall events.

Page 9 – Operational & Administrative Expenses – there are a number of deficits in this section, and an overall YTD Budget Deficit of £3,045. The most significant of the deficits are explained as follows:

- Salaries, Wages & Related Costs and Recruitment expenditure are currently in deficit due to staff changes and additional costs associated with new starters and leavers, together with a higher than budgeted pay award for 2022-23 which has also resulted in a large retrospective back pay payment being made in December's payroll. It is probable that there may now be a budget deficit at year end for these budget lines.

- The Office Equipment budget is in deficit due to the acquisition of a sound speaker for use at Events, which was initially used for the Platinum Jubilee Celebrations, but it should be noted that the costs of this item were covered by a grant.
- Expenditure on the Combined Insurance Policy has exceeded budget because of additional insurance costs for the new Open Spaces / Cemetery lease vehicles.
- The Telephones budget has been exceeded as a result of the installation of a new digital phone system and some additional costs relating to this, including switching it to its own dedicated electrical supply.
- The YTD Deficit for Subscriptions is a timing issue, as this item includes the annual WALC and NALC Fees which have already been paid for 2022-23.
- The YTD Deficit for Audit Fees is mainly an issue relating to the timing of annual invoices, although there is an Annual Deficit of £800 for the year due to increased fees to address internal audit queries.
- The YTD Deficit for Councillor & Staff Training has been caused by provision of an online training package for all staff, as well as the training courses booked for the new Town Clerk, and this budget item now expected to remain in deficit for the year as further training is likely to be required, especially as a new Responsible Financial Officer has also been appointed.
- Bank Charges are higher than budgeted. It should be noted that the Council is charged for all cash transactions, including banking of cash receipts, as banks continue to push businesses, organisations and individuals towards more cashless transactions.
- General Repairs, Maintenance & Sundry shows a YTD Budget Deficit due to one-off repair costs and improvements to electrical supply to the main office, but the expenditure is currently still within the Annual Budget.
- Lift Maintenance Contract costs show a YTD Deficit but are currently well within the Annual Budget.
- There are several other small YTD Budget Deficits in this section and overall there is a total YTD Budget Deficit of £3,045. Spending in this section needs to continue to be monitored carefully during the year, as it accounts for 38% of total Budgeted Expenditure and YTD Actuals are currently 39% of total YTD Actuals Expenditure (see Page 5).

Page 10 – Civic Expenditure – a Year To Date (YTD) Budget Deficit of £6,091 reflects the number of civic events so far in the mayoral year, including additional activities relating to the Platinum Jubilee. **It should be noted that the Annual Budget for Receptions (Formal & Informal)**

has already been exceeded by £2,955, and there is insufficient surplus remaining under Contingency (Events tbc) which would normally be expected to offset this. **Also note that Event Security costs have risen substantially and have already exceeded the Annual Budget by £4,303.**

Expenditure on any further civic events during the financial year needs to be monitored and costs carefully considered, as the expenditure for the full year has not been controlled within budget. It is now likely that a budget virement from the General Reserve may be required, if these overspends are not offset by underspends on other budget lines such as Mayor's Allowance and Mayor's Travelling which are currently below budget for the year.

Also note that the Vehicle Replacement Designated Reserve shown in this section can also be used for Cemetery vehicles, not just the civic car, and two replacement vehicles have now been acquired for the Open Spaces team (see Cemetery section below) which has so far resulted in a virement of £7,000, reducing this reserve to £5,500, with a further virement of £4,000 required to cover the deposit and initial acquisition costs of the second vehicle which will reduce the balance to £1,500. As previously reported, the additional costs of these new vehicles were not budgeted for and will need to be covered by the designated reserve.

Page 11 – Cemetery – Fees are over £12,500 in Surplus for the year to date compared to Budget, and also over £7,000 more than the previous year. Total Expenditure is over the original budget so far for the year, primarily because of expenditure on Vehicle Expenses following the acquisition of the new lease vehicles, although this is now covered by the budget virements mentioned in the previous section of this review. There is now a smaller YTD Budget Surplus in Net Expenditure compared to previous months earlier in the financial year as a result of Cemetery Land Extension Fees being reported under this section, which were not budgeted for. Note that these fees were expected to be covered initially by the Cemetery Land & Buildings Designated Reserve in the current financial year, but further substantial costs are expected as this project progresses.

It should be noted that the YTD Actuals are affected by recharging of some Salaries, Wages & Related Costs to the Climate Change Initiatives budget for maintenance of planted troughs around the town. The Annual Budget now reflects a **Budget Virement of £7,000 for additional Vehicle Expenses**, which relates to additional vehicle costs incurred for the replacement tipper truck during 2022-23, with a further budget virement of £4,000 to be reflected in January's accounts. The lease

costs including initial deposit and monthly payments for this new vehicles exceeded the budget and will need to be financed from the Vehicle Replacement Reserve. The YTD Budget Deficit of £1,935 for General Ground Maintenance has mainly been caused by exceptional costs for storm damage to trees earlier in the year, and there is now an Annual Budget Deficit of £185 with a quarter of the financial year still to go. There is an Annual Budget deficit of £482 for Sundry Seating & Trees due to increased costs for new benches but this is more than offset by an Income Surplus of £2,375 for Sundry Income (Seating/Trees/Transfers).

Note the Cemetery Land & Buildings Designated Reserve is already assigned for use to purchase land to extend the Cemetery. As mentioned above, further use of Reserves will be required to fund additional fees and costs in relation to this project.

Page 12 – Holy Trinity Churchyard & Garden of Remembrance – no expenditure is reported so far this year, but it should be noted that maintenance costs for labour are included in the Salaries, Wages & Related Costs section under Cemetery (see Page 11) and not recharged to this budget section. The budget surplus in the section could offset the additional expenditure on Cemetery budget lines mentioned above, reducing the impact on use of reserves.

Page 12 – Tranquility Garden – Fees continue to fall well below budget, but overall there is a Net Deficit in Expenditure i.e. more Income has been received than Expenditure incurred. Based on the previous year, it is expected that Fees will continue to be received throughout the financial year to more than offset any expenditure reported here. Again, it should be noted that labour maintenance costs for the Tranquility Garden are covered in the Salaries, Wages & Related Costs section under Cemetery (see Page 11) and not recharged to this budget section.

Page 12 – Allotments – Park Road – Nothing of significance to report. There is still a designated reserve of £4,662 to cover any unforeseen expenditure, if necessary.

Page 13 – Hatton Rock – Insurance and Service Costs have been invoiced for the year and are slightly higher than budgeted, hence the Annual Deficits even though the YTD Deficits are primarily a timing issue around when monthly invoices are received. **It should be noted that a new lease agreement is required and costs are still to be confirmed.** As in previous years, it is expected that approximately half of the total expenditure on this item relates to equipment storage costs and will be

recharged to the Shakespeare Birthday Celebrations “pot” later in the financial year.

Page 13 – Initiatives, Projects and Grants – There are a few Annual Budget Deficits and a few YTD Deficits but no concerns to report. Any Deficit at year end for Bus Shelters/Dog Hygiene/Litter/Cycle Racks can be funded by a Budget Virement from the Street Furniture Designated Reserve, currently held at £5,000. Note that there was no budget provision included for Climate Change Initiatives this year (hence the reported Deficits) and all relevant expenditure will be covered by the Designated Reserve, currently held at £14,549.

Page 14 Town Centre Strategic Partnership

The balance “in the pot” has decreased by £2,863 so far this year (an increase on previous months due to a “missing” invoice which has now been processed) but still leaves £1,698. Stakeholders may need to provide additional funds if PR activities continue.

Page 14 Shakespeare Statue Restoration

As reported previously, the balance “in the pot” has fallen to a deficit of £2,424 now that all the expenditure has been accounted for. Although there is now a small deficit, this should be changed to a surplus when a further grant has been received, which was dependant on proof of costs and completion of the restoration works. The surplus will be carried forward to cover future cleaning costs and any further minor maintenance work required.

Page 15 Shakespeare Birthday Celebrations

The substantial surplus “in the pot” of £77,295 for the current financial year is down to timing, because the District and Town Council’s contributions have been added to the “pot” after expenditure on the event on April 2022 has been accounted for. As previously reported, a reduction in the District Council’s contribution to £20,000 was proposed to match that of the Town Council in 2022-23. Despite budget challenges owing to high inflation and the cost of living crisis, there is still a commitment from both organisations to maintain this level of contribution in next year’s budget. The Town Council may want to review their contribution and apportionment of other costs incurred in relation to this event in future years if budget challenges continue. However, there should still be sufficient funds “in the pot” for next year’s

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event if it is undertaken on a similar scale to the event in April 2022. Costs for this last event were determined as a total of £48,096, and these should be reviewed as a template for future events, bearing in mind the impact of inflation on future costs and also the impact of escalating event security charges.

Please ask for more information if you have any queries.

Responsible Financial Officer
January 2023